

```

[ > #TP 1 Maple
[ > #Exo 1:
[ > restart;
[ > assume(n, integer);
[ > u:=sin(n*Pi);
[                                     u := 0 (1)
[
[ > v:=cos(Pi/2+n*Pi);
[                                     v := 0 (2)
[
[ > w:=tan(n*Pi);
[                                     w := 0 (3)
[
[ > x:=sin(Pi/2+n*Pi);
[                                     x := (-1)^{n~} (4)
[
[ > y:=cos(n*Pi);
[                                     y := (-1)^{n~} (5)
[
[ > #Exo 2 :
[ > limit((ln (n))^5/n^3,n=infinity);
[                                     0 (6)
[
[ > limit(n^6/exp(n^2),n=infinity);
[                                     0 (7)
[
[ > limit(exp(n^8)/(n!),n=infinity);
[                                     ∞ (8)
[
[ > limit(n!/n^n,n=infinity);
[                                     0 (9)
[
[ > #Exo 3 :
[ > restart;
[ > limit((3*n^2+1)/(-5*n^2+6*n-6),n=infinity);
[                                     -3 (10)
[                                     5
[
[ > limit((4*n^3+9*n)/(2*n^2+7),n=infinity);
[                                     ∞ (11)
[
[ > limit((n^2+n+1)/(-6*n^3+4*n),n=infinity);
[                                     0 (12)
[
[ > #Exo 4 :
[ > limit(n*((1+1/n)^(alpha)-1),n=infinity);
[                                     α (13)
[
[ > #Exo 5 :
[ > #Q1 :

```

$$\begin{aligned} &> u:=n!; \\ &u := n! \end{aligned} \tag{14}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> v:=\text{sqrt}(n) * (n^n) * \exp(-n); \\ &v := \sqrt{n} n^n e^{(-n)} \end{aligned} \tag{15}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{limit}(u/v, n=\text{infinity}); \\ &\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \end{aligned} \tag{16}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> u1:=\%*v; \\ &u1 := \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{n} n^n e^{(-n)} \end{aligned} \tag{17}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{\#Q. 2 :} \\ &> w:=(1/\text{sqrt}(n)) * (n^n) * \exp(-n); \\ &w := \frac{n^n e^{(-n)}}{\sqrt{n}} \end{aligned} \tag{18}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{limit}((u-u1)/w, n=\text{infinity}); \\ &\frac{1}{12} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \end{aligned} \tag{19}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> u2:=u1+\%*w; \\ &u2 := \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{n} n^n e^{(-n)} + \frac{1}{12} \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} n^n e^{(-n)}}{\sqrt{n}} \end{aligned} \tag{20}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{\#Q 3 :} \\ &> \text{series}(u, n=\text{infinity}, 2); \\ &\frac{\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{n}}} + \frac{1}{12} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{\frac{1}{n}} + O\left(\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)^{(3/2)}\right)}{\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)^n e^n} \end{aligned} \tag{21}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{\#Exo 6 :} \\ &> \text{restart;} \\ &> u:=u0+n*r; \\ &u := u0 + n r \end{aligned} \tag{22}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{assume}(r>0); \\ &> \text{limit}(u, n=\text{infinity}); \\ &\infty \end{aligned} \tag{23}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{assume}(r<0); \\ &> \text{limit}(u, n=\text{infinity}); \\ &-\infty \end{aligned} \tag{24}$$

$$> \text{assume}(r=0);$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{limit (u,n=infinity);} \\ &0 \end{aligned} \quad (25)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{r:='r';} \\ &r := r \end{aligned} \quad (26)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{factor (sum (u,n=0..N));} \\ &\frac{1}{2} (N+1) (rN+2u0) \end{aligned} \quad (27)$$

> #Exo 7 :

> # 1

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{Sum (k, k=0..n) = sum (k, k=0..n);} \\ &\sum_{k=0}^n k = \frac{1}{2} (n+1)^2 - \frac{1}{2} n - \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned} \quad (28)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{factor(%);} \\ &\sum_{k=0}^n k = \frac{1}{2} n (n+1) \end{aligned} \quad (29)$$

> # 2

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{Sum (k, k=0..n) = factor (sum (k^2, k=0..n));} \\ &\sum_{k=0}^n k = \frac{1}{6} n (n+1) (2n+1) \end{aligned} \quad (30)$$

> # 3

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{Sum (k^3, k=0..n) = factor (sum (k^3, k=0..n));} \\ &\sum_{k=0}^n k^3 = \frac{1}{4} n^2 (n+1)^2 \end{aligned} \quad (31)$$

> # 4

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{Sum (k^4, k=0..n) = factor (sum (k^4, k=0..n));} \\ &\sum_{k=0}^n k^4 = \frac{1}{30} n (2n+1) (n+1) (3n^2+3n-1) \end{aligned} \quad (32)$$

> # 5

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{Sum (a \cdot k^3 + b \cdot k^2 + c \cdot k + d, k=0..n) = factor (sum (a * k^3 + b * k^2 + c * k} \\ &\quad + d, k=0..n));} \\ &\sum_{k=0}^n (a k^3 + b k^2 + c k + d) = \frac{1}{12} (n+1) (3 a n^3 + 3 a n^2 + 4 b n^2 + 2 b n + 6 c n + 12 d) \end{aligned} \quad (33)$$

> # Exo 8 :

1

$$\begin{aligned} &u := u0 \cdot q^n; \\ &u := u0 q^n \end{aligned} \quad (34)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{assume}(q > 1); \\ &> \text{limit}(u, n = \text{infinity}); \\ &\text{signum}(u0) \sim \infty \end{aligned} \tag{35}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{assume}(q < -1); \\ &> \text{limit}(u, n = \text{infinity}); \\ &\text{signum}(u0) \sim \infty \end{aligned} \tag{36}$$

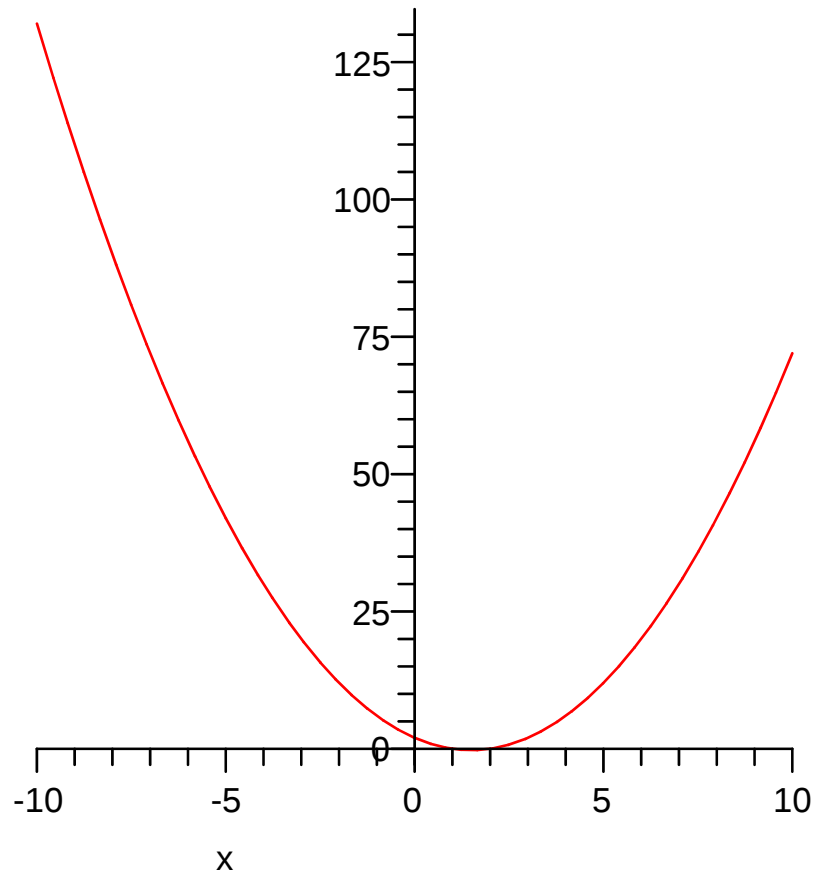
$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{assume}(q < 1 \text{ and } -1 > q); \\ &> \text{limit}(u, n = \text{infinity}); \\ &\text{signum}(u0) \sim \infty \end{aligned} \tag{37}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \\ &> \# 2 \\ &> q := 'q'; \\ &q := q \end{aligned} \tag{38}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> S := \text{factor}(\text{sum}(u, n = 0 .. N)); \\ &S := \frac{u0 \left(q^{\sim(N+1)} - 1 \right)}{q^{\sim} - 1} \end{aligned} \tag{39}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \# EXO \ 9 \\ &> \# 1 \\ &> f := x \rightarrow x^2 - 3 \cdot x + 2; \\ &f := x \rightarrow x^2 - 3 x + 2 \end{aligned} \tag{40}$$

$$> \text{plot}(f(x), x);$$

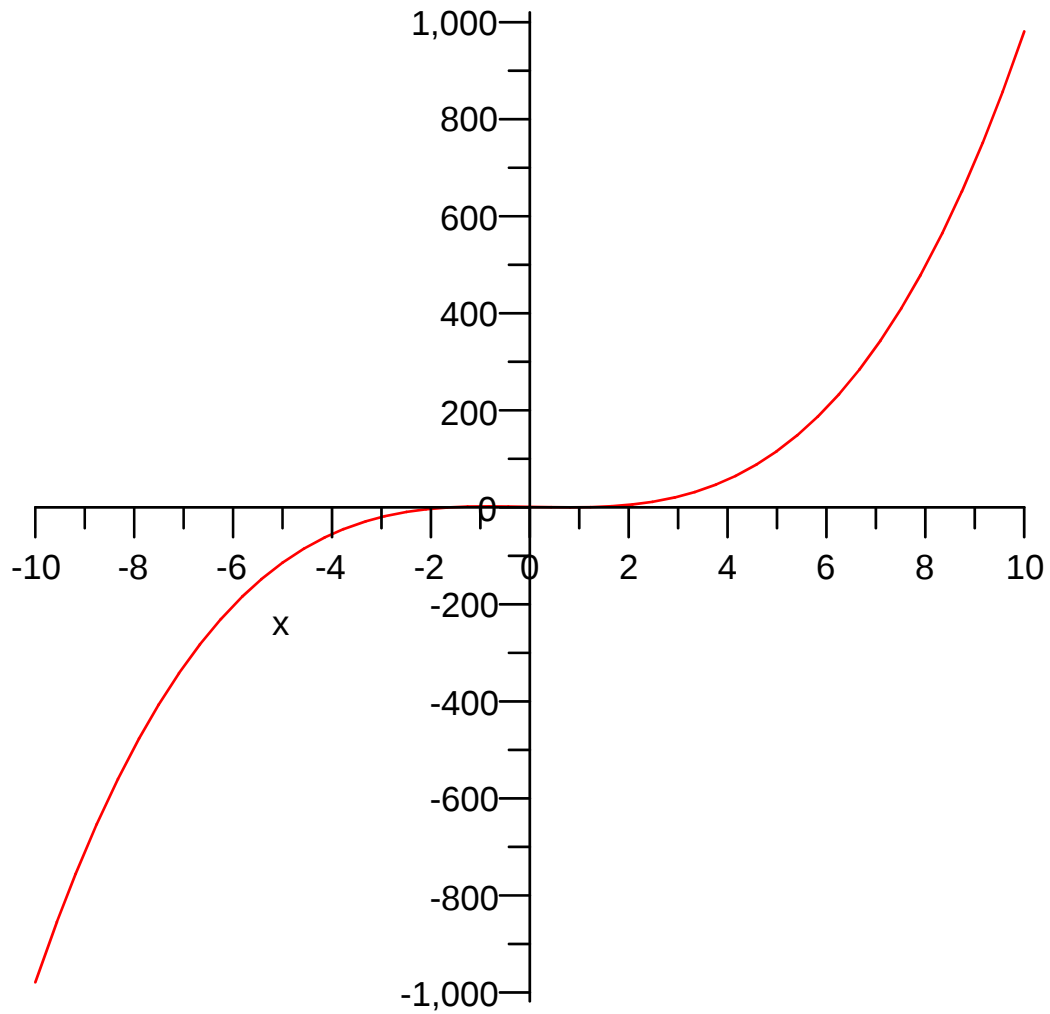


```
> g := x -> x^3 - 3 * x + x + 1;
```

```
g := x -> x^3 - 2 * x + 1
```

(41)

```
> plot(g(x), x);
```



```

> # 2
> F := proc(x, n)
  if (x=0) then return n;
  else return n * (sin(x) / x);
  end if;
end proc;
  F := proc(x, n) if x = 0 then return n else return (n * sin(x)) / x end if end proc

```

(42)

```

> F(0, 3);
3

```

(43)

```

> F(Pi, 4);
0

```

(44)

```

> f := x → F(x, 13);
f := x → F(x, 13)

```

(45)

```

> f(3);

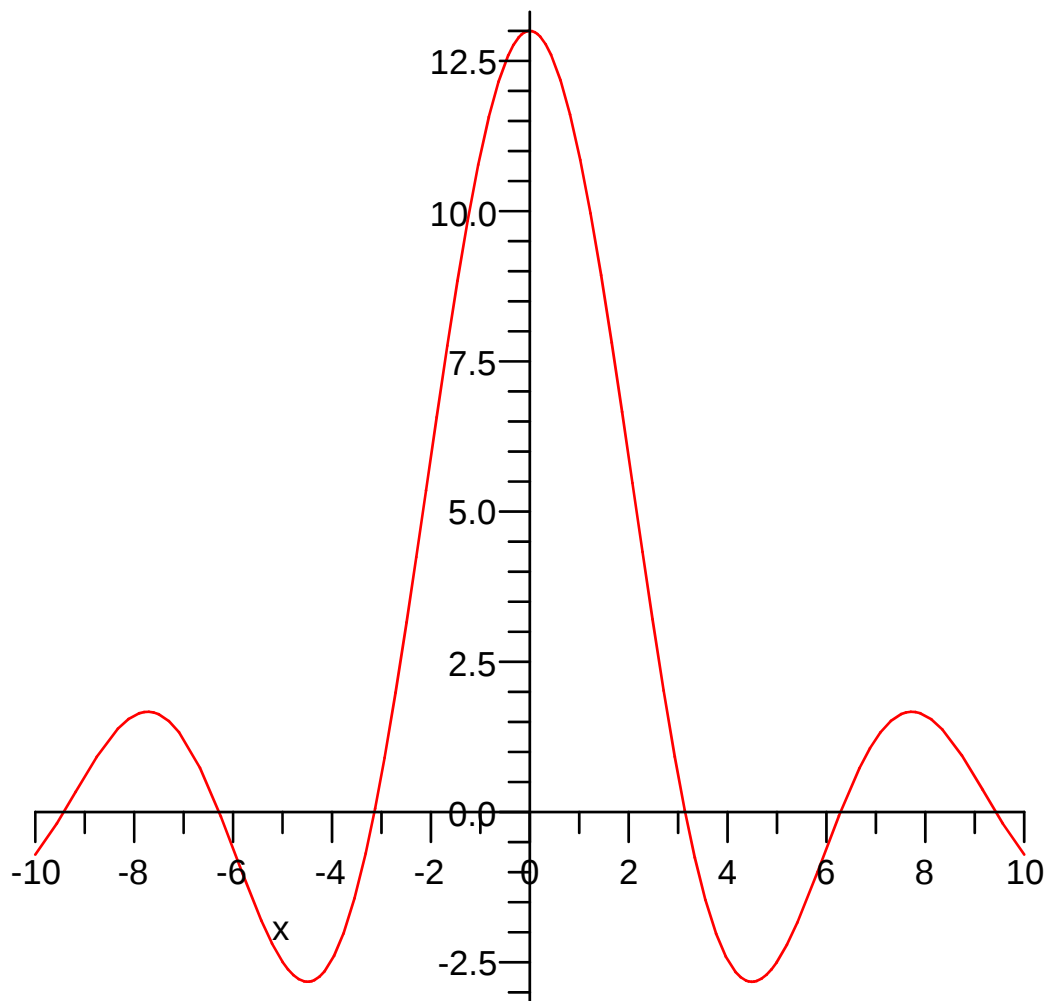
```

(46)

$$\frac{13}{3} \sin(3)$$

(46)

```
> plot(f(x), x = -10..10);
```



```
> # 4
restart;
```

```
> l := t · exp(x) + x2;
```

$$l := t e^x + x^2$$

(47)

```
> L := x → l;
```

$$L := x \rightarrow l$$

(48)

```
> L(x);
```

$$t e^x + x^2$$

(49)

```
> L1 := x → -exp(x) + x2; L2 := x → exp(x) + x2; L3 := x2;
```

$$L1 := x \rightarrow -e x p(x) + x^2$$

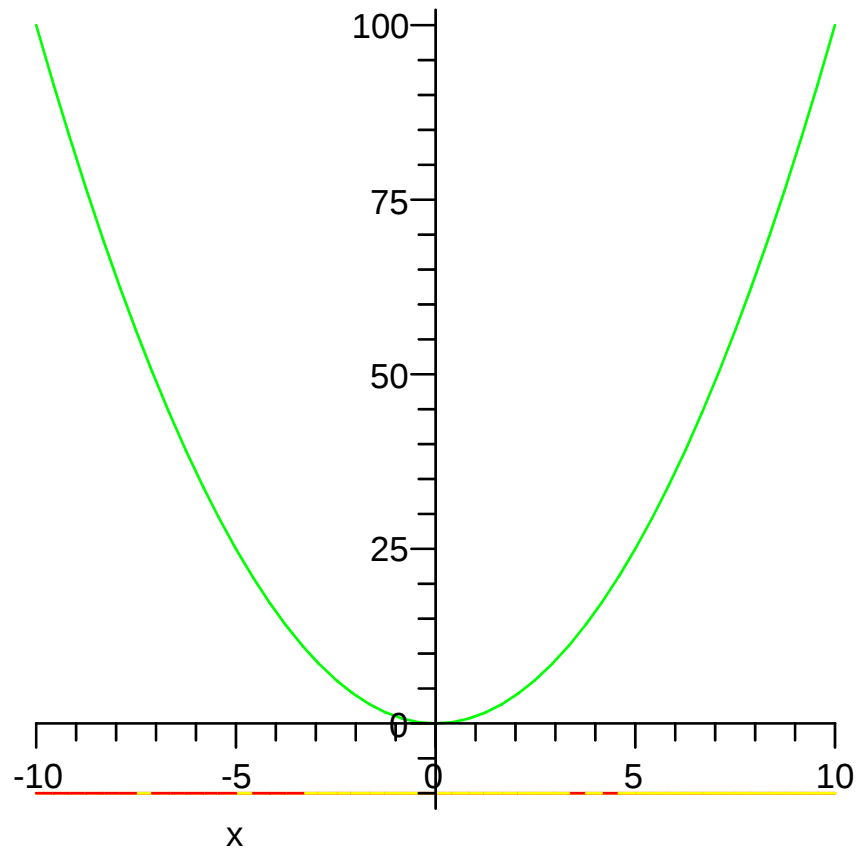
$$L2 := x \rightarrow e^x + x^2$$

(50)

$$L3 := x^2$$

(50)

```
> plot( {L1, L2, L3}, x);
```



```
> #EXO 10
```

```
> # 1
```

```
> u := 2; u;
```

$$u := 2$$

$$2$$

(51)

```
> u + 2;
```

$$4$$

(52)

```
> u · 3;
```

$$6$$

(53)

```
> abs(u - 5) · u;
```

$$6$$

(54)

```
> sqrt(u(-2) + 1);
```

$$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{5} \quad (55)$$

```
> # Q 2
```

```
> restart;
```

```
> x := 5; x;
```

$$x := 5$$

$$5$$

(56)

```
> x := 'x';
```

$$x := x$$

(57)

```
> x;
```

$$x$$

(58)

```
> # Q 3
```

```
> P := 3 · x4 + 5 · x3 − 2 · x + 2;
```

$$P := 3 x^4 + 5 x^3 - 2 x + 2$$

(59)

```
> x := 2;
```

$$x := 2$$

(60)

```
> P;
```

$$86$$

(61)

```
> x := 'x';
> subs(x = 100, P);
```

$$x := x$$

$$304999802$$

(62)

```
> subs(x = −1, P);
```

$$2$$

(63)

```
> subs(x = −43, P);
```

$$9858956$$

(64)

```
> P;
```

$$3 x^4 + 5 x^3 - 2 x + 2$$

(65)

```
> # Q4
```

```
> x := y2;
```

$$x := y^2$$

(66)

```
> eval(P, 1);
```

$$3 x^4 + 5 x^3 - 2 x + 2$$

(67)

```
> eval(P, 2);
```

$$3 y^8 + 5 y^6 - 2 y^2 + 2$$

(68)

```
> # Q5
```

```
> restart;
```

$$Q := (x - 1.2) \cdot (x - 3.65);$$

$$Q := (x - 1.2) (x - 3.65) \quad (69)$$

> *expand(Q);*

$$x^2 - 4.85 x + 4.380 \quad (70)$$

> # Q6

> *expand(cos(3 · x));*

$$4 \cos(x)^3 - 3 \cos(x) \quad (71)$$

> *expand(tan(3 · x));*

$$\frac{3 \tan(x) - \tan(x)^3}{1 - 3 \tan(x)^2} \quad (72)$$

> *simplify(expand((cos(x) + sin(x))^2));*

$$2 \cos(x) \sin(x) + 1 \quad (73)$$

> # Q7

> *ln(expand((x + 1) · (x - 1)));*

$$\ln(x^2 - 1) \quad (74)$$

>